organisms as follows: Respiratory tract infections (shipping fever, pneumonia) due to *P. multocida, P. hemolytica, Hemophilus* spp., *Staphylococcus* spp., and *Streptococcus* spp. and acute necrotic pododermatitis (foot rot) due to *Fusobacterium necrophorum*.

(3) *Limitations*. Administer once daily for up to 5 days by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection. Continue treatment for 48 to 72 hours after the animal has become afebrile or asymptomatic. Do not continue treatment beyond 5 days. Treated animals must not be slaughtered for food during treatment and for 25 days after the last treatment. As with all antibiotics, appropriate in vitro culturing and susceptibility testing of samples taken before treatment should be conducted. Milk from treated cows must not be used for human consumption during treatment or for 96 hours (8 milkings) after last treatment. Maximum volume per injection should not exceed 30 milliliters. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veteri-

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§ 522.90 Ampicillin implantation and injectible dosage forms.

§ 522.90a Ampicillin trihydrate sterile suspension.

- (a) *Specifications.* Each milliliter contains ampicillin trihydrate equivalent to 200 milligrams of ampicillin.
- (1) *Sponsor.* See No. 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (2) Related tolerances. See §556.40 of this chapter.
 - (3) Conditions of use—(i) Calves.
- (A) Amount. For enteritis: 3 milligrams per pound of body weight, intramuscularly, once or twice daily, for up to 3 days. For pneumonia: 3 milligrams per pound of body weight, intramuscularly, twice daily, for up to 3 days.
- (B) *Indications for use.* Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by *Escherichia coli* and bacterial pneumonia caused by *Pasteurella* spp. susceptible to ampicillin.
- (C) Limitations. Not for use in other animals raised for food production. Treated animals must not be slaugh-

tered for food use during treatment or for 9 days after the last treatment. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(ii) *Dogs.* (A) *Amount.* 3 to 6 milligrams per pound of body weight intramuscularly, once or twice daily.

- (B) Indications for use. Treatment of respiratory tract infections due to E. coli, Pseudomonas spp., Proteus spp., Staphylococcus spp., and Streptococcus spp.; tonsillitis due to E. coli, Pseudomonas spp., Streptococcus spp., and Staphylococcus spp., generalized infections (septicemia) associated with abscesses, lacerations, and wounds due to Staphylococcus spp. and Streptococcus spp.
- (C) Limitations. Continue treatment at least 48 hours after the animal's temperature has returned to normal and other signs of infection have subsided. Usual treatment is 3 to 5 days. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (iii) Cats. (A) Amount. 5 to 10 milligrams per pound of body weight intramuscularily or subcutaneously, once or twice daily.
- (B) *Indications for use.* Treatment of generalized infections (septicemia) associated with abscesses, lacerations, and wounds due to *Staphylococcus* spp., *Streptococcus* spp., and *Pasteurella* spp.
- (C) Limitations. Continue treatment at least 48 hours after the animal's temperature has returned to normal and other signs of infection have subsided. Usual treatment is 3 to 5 days. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (iv) *Swine.* (A) *Amount.* 3 milligrams per pound of body weight, intramuscularily, once or twice daily, for up to 3 days.
- (B) *Indications for use.* Treatment of bacterial enteritis (colibacillosis) caused by *E. coli* and bacterial pneumonia caused by *Pasteurella* spp. susceptible to ampicillin.
- (C) Limitations. Treated animals must not be slaughtered for food use during treatment or for 15 days after the last treatment. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.